

DO NOT WRITE YOUR NAME OR KAUST ID NUMBER ON THIS PAGE OR ANY OTHER PAGE

PUT YOUR EXAM ID NUMBER ON THIS PAGE AND EVERY OTHER PAGE YOU SUBMIT

WRITE YOUR SOLUTIONS ON ONLY ONE SIDE OF EMPTY SOLUTION SHEETS PROVIDED

PUT PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL SOLUTION PAGES

YOUR SOLUTIONS SHOULD BE ORGANIZED WELL AND WRITTEN CLEARLY – NEAT AND EASY-TO-READ SOLUTIONS WILL HELP YOU IN GRADING

DO NOT WRITE ANY PART OF YOUR SOLUTIONS ON PROBLEM SHEETS – SOLUTIONS ON PROBLEM SHEETS WILL NOT BE GRADED

YOU ARE ALLOWED TO SUBMIT SOLUTIONS TO ONLY FIVE PROBLEMS

EXAM ID NUMBER: _____

COURSE NUMBER: EE 231

PROBLEM: 1

Problem 1:

An electromagnetic field, propagating a Cartesian space of coordinates (x,y,z) , is characterized by three spherical waves emanating from three source points $S_1(0,0,-R_1)$, $S_2(0,0,-R_2)$, $S_3(0,0,-R_3)$, plus one plane wave propagating along z , with wavevector k parallel to the propagation axis.

Working in paraxial approximation, answer to the following questions:

- a) Assuming equal amplitude $A_1=A_2=A_3=A$ for the three waves, write the expression of the Intensity $I=|V(x,y,z=0)|^2$ in the plane $z=0$.
- b) Assuming $R_1=4/\pi$, $R_2=2/\pi$, $R_3=\pi$, calculate the Intensity $I(0,0,0)$ of the field in the origin of the axes.

DO NOT WRITE YOUR NAME OR KAUST ID NUMBER ON THIS PAGE OR ANY OTHER PAGE

PUT YOUR EXAM ID NUMBER ON THIS PAGE AND EVERY OTHER PAGE YOU SUBMIT

WRITE YOUR SOLUTIONS ON ONLY ONE SIDE OF EMPTY SOLUTION SHEETS PROVIDED

PUT PAGE NUMBERS ON ALL SOLUTION PAGES

YOUR SOLUTIONS SHOULD BE ORGANIZED WELL AND WRITTEN CLEARLY – NEAT AND EASY-TO-READ SOLUTIONS WILL HELP YOU IN GRADING

DO NOT WRITE ANY PART OF YOUR SOLUTIONS ON PROBLEM SHEETS – SOLUTIONS ON PROBLEM SHEETS WILL NOT BE GRADED

YOU ARE ALLOWED TO SUBMIT SOLUTIONS TO ONLY FIVE PROBLEMS

EXAM ID NUMBER: _____

COURSE NUMBER: EE 231

PROBLEM: 2

Problem 2:

A plane wave with wavevector k parallel to the propagation axis z impinges at $z=0$ on a grating characterized by the following transfer function $T(x)$:

$$T(x) = \text{Exp}(-x^2/2)$$

At distance $z_1=f$ from the grating, there is a lens characterized by a focal length f .

Answer to the following questions:

a) Draw the setup:

b) Calculate the intensity distribution $I(x, z=z_2)$ in a plane at distance $z_2=2*f$ from the grating.